Research on the Benign Interactive Development between Industrial Structure Adjustment and Greenization in Heilongjiang Province

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一、ABSTRACT

Adjusting the industrial structure according to the greenization requirements can improve the content of science and technology, reduce resource consumption, reduce environmental pollution, and form a new growth point of economic and social development. Based on the theory of the industrial structure, the method of literature research is used to analyze the present situation of the greenization of industrial structure in Heilongjiang province. The results show that the greenization of industrial structure in Heilongjiang province has some problems, such as low level, low degree and insufficient development power. In order to adjust the industrial structure of Heilongjiang province according to the greenization requirements, we must consolidate the foundation for the development of greenization agriculture, and accelerate the upgrading of the secondary industry and the greenization reform of the tertiary industry.

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In recent years, the adjustment and optimization of industrial structure in Heilongjiang province have been increasingly intensified. The industrial structure has grown from 12.2%:54.9%:32.9% in 2000 to 25.1:25.4:49.5 in 2020, basically forming a trend that the primary and tertiary industries have steady growth and the secondary industry has declined. But compared with the advanced level and greenization requirements of the central, there are still some problems in the greenization adjustment of industrial structure in Heilongjiang Province. The "greenization" competitiveness of the primary industry is not strong, and the traditional development mode of high investment, high pollution and low benefit in agricultural has not been fundamentally changed. The secondary industry is excessively dependent on heavy industry and energy consumption, which reduces the greenization degree of the industrial structure. The contribution of tertiary industry to economic growth is much lower than the national average level. The development momentum is slow, and the efficiency of output also needs to be improved. In view of the relatively low degree of greenization of industrial structure in Heilongjiang Province, we should combine traditional agricultural technology with modern high and new technology to reduce the use of chemical pesticides and the pollution to farmland environment and agricultural products, so that the quality of agricultural products can be improved. We will strengthen our capacity for independent innovation and speed up research of new and high technologies in order that traditional industries can reduce energy consumption. The development of modern producer services should be promoted by advantages of technological and R&D.